



National University for Educational Planning & Administration

5th Annual Orientation Program in Capacity Building
for Minority Managed Institutions

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Education for Minorities Beyond Sachar Committee

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*This presentation can
also be seen at*

www.zakatindia.org

Muslims are Dominant Minority

(18 crore, as per Census 2011)

*13.4% of
national
population
&
73% of all
minorities*



کمزور طبقوں کے اقتصادی و تعلیمی استفادہ کی خصوصی دیکھ ریکھ

Constitutional Mandate

Article 46:

The State shall promote with special care the educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people

Read with

Sachar Committee & Mishra Commission Reports

Sachar Report
brings out clearly the

EDUCATIONAL

DEPRIVATION

experienced by the
Muslim community

From
LOWER LEVELS OF ENROLLMENT
to a
**SHARP DECLINE IN PARTICIPATION IN
HIGHER LEVELS OF EDUCATION,**

**the situation of Indian Muslims is
very depressing**
as compared to most other faiths;

In fact their situation seems to have worsened in
relative terms.

And the problem is more acute
for girls/women.

Reasons are varied -

Ranging from poverty to
perceived discrimination
resulting in alienating school
environment.

The text book should not only reflect reality but also help in creating appropriate values.

If the texts do not reflect diversity or are derogatory with respect to specific communities, they can alienate children of those communities from the wider society..

Simple things in the text books can
sow the seeds for religious
intolerance,
create bias and/or
reduce sensitivity to differences,

while the intent and purpose of texts
should be to do just the opposite.

Reevaluate
the school text books
to **purge them** of
explicit and implicit
content that may impart
inappropriate social values,
especially religious intolerance.

At elementary level
Enrollment &
Continuation rates
are the lowest for the Muslims

Create

STUDY CENTRES

for students so that they can spend a few hours to concentrate on their studies

This is an area in which the government, NGOs and the corporate sector can co-operate.

**Set up
High quality
Government Schools
in areas of
Muslim concentration.**

Exclusive schools for girls should be set up, particularly for the 9-12 standards.

In co-education schools more women teachers need to be appointed.

Department of School Education & Literacy

Programme for welfare of minorities and implementation of recommendations of

	Status of follow-up action
<p>of the out by ill be ronged focus cess to n girls. in the liament stry of ent) - bols at</p>	<p>The States/UTs have been advised under Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) to give primacy to opening of 'Girls only' upper primary schools keeping with the State Government policy, in areas where there is such a demand under SSA.</p> <p>With regard to access & retention, especially for older girls, some important measures have been taken up in the revised SSA framework, which include transport, escort, and counseling, helping them negotiate domestic work burdens, community support mechanism and academic support depending on the nature of problem. Apart from that there is now provision of residential hostel for children in remote sparsely populated habitation and for the children, who are without shelter and adult protection. Uniforms will also be provided to all girls as per the new norms.</p> <p>As per information furnished by the States/UTs. there are 8 states namely</p>



of
-
at
hostel for children in remote sparsely populated habitation and for the children, who are without shelter and adult protection. Uniforms will also be provided to all girls as per the new norms.

As per information furnished by the States/UTs, there are 8 states namely Andaman & Nicobar, Bihar, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Orissa, Punjab, Rajasthan and West Bengal with 'Girls only' schools at the upper primary level, SSA address issue of social access and equity to make schools open, inclusive and secular spaces.

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al
Out of 3600 KGBVs sanctioned, 3439 KGBVs have been Operationalized. 552 KGBVs have been sanctioned in rural and urban areas of Muslim concentration and 517 of these have ben operationalized. 24,590 minority girls have been enrolled out of total of 3,33,622 girls enrolled.

During 2011-12, 75 KGBVs have been operationalized against the target of 107 in the 121 Minority Concentration Districts.

This Department has also issued instructions that as KGBV schools are part of the regular upper primary school system of the State, the State Government / Union Territory's particular policy for instruction in Urdu medium should be adopted for the KGBV schools. The Urdu teachers available in the system should be deployed for the purpose. Continued efforts have been made by MHRD to increase enrolment of Muslim girls in these KGBVs

**HRD Ministry Scheme for
Infrastructure Development of
Private Aided/Unaided
educational institutions**

[http://mhrd.gov.in/sites/upload_files/mhrd/files/
IntroIDMI_Minority.pdf](http://mhrd.gov.in/sites/upload_files/mhrd/files/IntroIDMI_Minority.pdf)

Students enrollment in
Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalayas (KGBVs)
in newly established
in Muslim dominated areas

24,590 Minority out of 3,33,622 All

= 7 % Minority Students

While all minorities are 19 %

There is an urgent need to undertake

APPROPRIATE MAPPING

of Urdu speaking population

and

Provide primary education in Urdu
in areas where
Urdu speaking population is concentrated.

The pre-entry qualification for admission to ITIs should be reduced to Class VIII.

The scope of ITI courses
should be expanded
to focus on
emerging market needs
including those of the
retail sector.

Skill development initiatives
of ITIs and polytechnics
should focus on sectors which have
high growth potential
and in which the
Muslim population is concentrated.

The eligibility for ITI should be
extended to the
Madarsa educated children.

University Grants Commission
(UGC) should evolve a system
where the

ALLOCATION

to colleges and universities is
**linked to the diversity in the
student population.**

For such purposes
an appropriate
diversity index
should be developed.

**Sensitize the
educational institutions
to reflect diversity
on campus**

Evolve

Alternate Admission Criterion

In order to facilitate admissions to the 'most backward' amongst all the SRCs in the regular universities and autonomous colleges.

State funding should be linked to the use of such criteria in admissions by the educational institutions.

Statement 12.1

Alternate Admission Criterion

Merit + Backwardness

to be defined as the sum of the following
(Each with about one third weight)

- (1) Household income
(income criteria to be revised periodically)
- (2) Backward district
(list to be updated on annual basis)/residence in a notified urban slum
- (3) Backward class
(assessed based on a combination of family occupation and caste)

Provision of Hostels

Provide hostel facilities at reasonable costs for students from minorities, on priority.

While this is required for all minority students, such facilities for girls in cities of all sizes are particularly desirable.

Hostels are
equally important
in the context of

BOYS

High rents in cities are a deterrent for those from lower income households to access higher levels of education.

Besides the high cost,
are other factors,
like
reluctance to accept Muslims
as tenants,
which make it difficult
for them
to rent accommodation.

The State should facilitate
Community initiatives
in this area
through grants.

The taluka / tahsil headquarters
and educational centers would be
the best locations for such facilities.

Another possibility is to
**CREATE BOARDING HOUSES FOR MINORITIES
IN TALUKA HEADQUARTERS**

where large number of
poor minority children
can stay and study in local schools.

This will reduce drop out rates
and

Ensure retention in school
up to higher secondary levels.

Tutors should be provided for remedial classes in these boarding houses.

Teacher Training Program

should compulsorily include in its curriculum the importance of

Diversity / Plurality

and

SENSITIZE THE TEACHERS

**towards the needs and aspirations of Muslims
and other marginalized communities.**

The implementation of this should be monitored by the
National Council of Teacher Education (NCTE).

The other issue is the
Dearth of
Muslim school teachers,
especially women.

Given the current
education levels,
the possibility of more Muslims
opting for B.Ed course is limited.

But more Muslims may be able to
participate as para teachers.

As an interim measure
**Effort should be made to
Enhance participation of
Muslims.**

**Often Urdu schools have
Teachers who have no knowledge of Urdu.**

Urdu teachers are reserved for the SCs/STs
and such candidates are not available.

**This anomaly needs to be corrected
urgently.**

Open
High quality
Urdu medium schools
in those parts of the country
where there is demand for them.

In states having a substantial
Urdu speaking population

Introduce

**URDU AS AN
OPTIONAL SUBJECT**

in all government and
government-aided schools.

Ensure availability of
good quality
text books in Urdu

SPQEM

[http://mhrd.gov.in/sites/
upload_files/mhrd/files/
Intro SPQM Minority.pdf](http://mhrd.gov.in/sites/upload_files/mhrd/files/Intro_SPQM_Minority.pdf)

SPQEM

During 2012-13,
out of budget provision of Rs.175.00 crore,

Only Rs.31.57 crore has been released for

1348 Madrasas

in 4 States

(Chhattisgarh, MP, UP & Rajasthan)

Total Madarsas in India: 7 lakh

Work out mechanisms whereby
**Madarsas can be linked with the
higher secondary school boards**

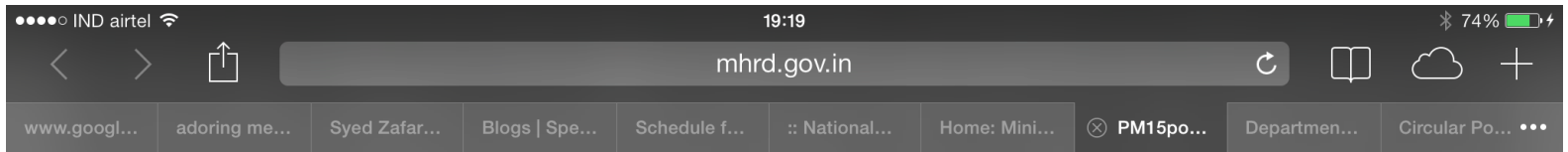
So that Madarsa students wanting to
shift to a regular/mainstream education
can do so.

Provide for

"EQUIVALENCE"

to Madarsa certificates/degrees
for subsequent admissions
into institutions of higher level of
education.

To Madarsa students,
Give opportunity
especially in courses where
admission is done through an
entrance test
or
competitive examination.



148 students (81 in 2010 & 67 in 2011), Baba Saheb Bhim Rao Ambedkar has admitted 223 students (95 in 2010, 59 in 2011 & 69 in 2012), Aligarh Muslim University has admitted 96 students and Jamia Millia Islamia has admitted 210(100 in 2010 and 110 in 2011) students.

3. Madarsa Education

The certificates/qualifications of the Madrasa Boards which have been granted equivalence by the State Education Boards to that of their Secondary and Senior Secondary qualification, have been equated with corresponding certificates of the Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE), Council of Board of School Education in India (COBSE) and other School Examination Boards, for the purpose of employment and entry to higher levels of education. Consequential notification has been issued by DOP&T on 23.2.2010.

4. Women's Hostel

UGC has approved/sanctioned 285 Women's Hostels during 11th Plan in Minority Concentration Districts/Areas. Out of total allocation of Rs.370.19 crore, Rs.203.69 crore have been released till 27th February, 2012.

5. Polytechnics*

Under the Sub-Mission on Polytechnics, the Government of India provides financial assistance to the State Governments/UTs for setting up of polytechnics in

Recognize the Madarsa degrees
for eligibility in
competitive examinations
such as the
Civil Services,
Banks,
Defense Services
and other such examinations.

The idea is to facilitate a
process whereby
Madarsa graduates too have a
choice and an incentive to
participate in these employment
streams.

20 Actions

**Muslims Expect from UPA
Government**

**before 2014 Parliamentary
Election**

1



Create time-bound fast track courts to try terror allegations

Action: Ministry of Law

आतंकवाद के आरोप में पकड़े गए मुसलमानों के मुक़दमों की सुनवाई के लिए निश्चित समय सीमा के साथ फ़ास्ट ट्रेक कोर्ट गठित की जाए (क़ानून मंत्रालय के लिए काम)

۱۔ دہشت گردی کے الزامات میں ماخوذ مسلمانوں کے مقدموں کا تصفیہ کرنے کے لئے میعاد بند فاسٹ ٹریک کورٹ تشکیل دی جائے۔ (وزارت قانون کی ذمہ داری)

Provide compensation of
Rs 50 lakh to each person who is
judicially acquitted of terror allegations.

Action: Home Ministry

आतंकवाद के आरोप से अदालतों द्वारा बरी किए जाने वाले हर व्यक्ति को
50 लाख रुपये का मुआवज़ा भारपाई के लिए दिया जाए

(गृह मंत्रालय का काम)

۲۔ دہشت گردی کے الزامات سے عدالتوں کے ذریعہ بری کر دیئے جانے والے
ہر ایک شخص کو ۵۰ لاکھ روپے معاوضہ بطور ہرجانہ ادا کیا جائے۔ (وزارت داخلہ کی ذمہ داری)

Definition of
Scheduled Caste



Through the 1950 Presidential
Order

*Muslims & Christians were
excluded*

www.zakatindia.org



Para 3
is
An anathema
which

DISFIGURED THE BEAUTY
of the written Constitution

Supreme Court

Maharaja Dhi Raja Jiwaji Raja Sindhia Bahadur Madhav Rao

Vs

Union of India

1971 SC 530.



Concept of the Caste is not confined to Hindu Religion only

It extends
Irrespective of the
Religious Sanction

Supreme Court: Indra Sawhney Case



De-reserve constituencies with substantial Muslim influence

Immediately appoint the next Delimitation Commission

with clear time-bound mandate to remove these anomalies.

(Sachar Committee Report page)

Ministry of Law

۴۔ مسلمانوں کے غلبہ والے ان انتخابی حلقوں کو جنہیں شیڈولڈ کاسٹ کے لئے ریزرو کر دیا گیا ہے،

انہیں ریزرویشن سے آزاد کیا جائے۔ ان گڑبڑیوں کو درست کرنے کے لئے فوری طور سے

اگلا حد بندی کمیشن تشکیل دیا جائے

جسے واضح ہدایات کے ساتھ مقررہ میعاد میں کام مکمل کرنے کا ذمہ سونپا جائے۔

...the middle-class comes on the back of legislations to win over the poor and the sudden urgency in Congress establishment to facilitate new alliances: clear evidence that the ruling party

...Not surprisingly, Congress patted the leadership for bringing the pay panel just ahead of festivals while slamming NDA for not doing so in 2003 when the sixth commission was due. "It has brought happiness to lakhs

...sops earlier, the Centre has now picked on middle class — the pay panel coinciding with assurance from petroleum minister Veerappa Moily that there would be no hike in petrol prices.

The importance of the

...convicted MPs from disqualification, aimed at appeasing Lalu Prasad who faces a final verdict in the infamous fodder scam on September 30.

For the full report, log on to www.timesofindia.com

Govt may put off tough decisions

TIMES NEWS NETWORK

New Delhi: The decision to set up a 7th pay commission came a day after the petroleum minister put off a hike in diesel prices and was seen as an indication that the government, now firmly in poll mode, may soft-pedal on tough decisions until the Lok Sabha polls.

A finance ministry statement quoted finance minister P Chidambaram as saying that Prime Minister Manmohan Singh had approved the setting up of the 7th pay commission. A pay commission is set up every 10

'Why not delimitation commission?'

On a day when the PM gave the go-ahead for the 7th pay commission, Muslim leaders demanded a Delimitation Commission, as suggested by the Sachar Committee, to take a relook at assembly constituencies with high Muslim population reserved for SC candidates. The Sachar Committee had noted that the matter was in the purview of the Delimitation Commission. On September 16, when Muslim leaders met the PM about the communal violence in Muzaffarnagar, Zakat Foundation of India's president Syed Zafar Mahmood had reminded Manmohan Singh about the anomaly. "The PM told us that in view of the upcoming election how can a delimitation commission be appointed now?" said Mahmood.

Rakhi Chakrabarty

years to review the salary of central government employees to take into account the impact of inflation and cost of living. The finance minis-

try said the average time taken by a pay commission has been about two years and taking this into account, the recommendations of the

panel are likely to be implemented from January 2016.

It was par for course with another decision taken on Tuesday: the Cabinet's approval for an ordinance meant to allow convicted MPs and MLAs to hold on to their seats. The measure seemed tailor-made to buffer RJD chief Lalu Prasad against a possible adverse verdict in a trial court in Ranchi on September 30.

The clearance of the ordinance is being seen as Congress's desire to keep open its options for tie-ups in Bihar.

For the full report, log on to www.timesofindia.com

542

ലോക്
സഭ
സീറ്റുകൾ

Seats in Lok Sabha:

National Muslim Population
(as per Census)

13.4%

ദേശീയ മുസ്ലിം
ജനസംഖ്യ
(സെൻസസ്
അനുസരിച്ചു)

Hence there should be
Muslims in the Lok Sabha

73

ആ കണക്കിൽ
ലോക്
സഭയിൽ
73 മുസ്ലിംങ്ങൾ
ഉണ്ടാകണം

Average no. of Muslims in LS

27

എന്നാൽ ശരാശരി
27 ആണ് ലോക്
സഭയിൽ
മുസ്ലിംങ്ങളുടെ
അംഗസംഖ്യ

*Sachar Committee strongly
recommended that the
Delimitation Commission should
be asked to remove the anomaly*

*But, no action taken so far, nor is
there any talk about it.*

मुसलमानों की अधिसंख्या वाले उन चुनाव क्षेत्रों को जिन्हें अनुसूचित जाति के लिए आरक्षित कर दिया गया है, आरक्षण से मुक्त किया जाए।

इन अनियमितताओं को दूर करने के लिए तुरन्त नया पिरसीमन आयोग गठित किया जाए जिसे स्पष्ट निर्देशों के साथ तय समय सीमा में काम पूरा करने का दायित्व सौंपा जाए।

(सच्चर समिति के सुझाव के अनुसार)

(क़ानून मंत्रालय के लिए काम)



Mind

Heart

Results

(Post Sachar -
Muslim rep in Govt
came further down)

5

Evolve procedure to
**Nominate Muslims in
Public positions of authority**
(Sachar Committee)

Action: PMO & Ministry of Minority Affairs

अधिकारिक पदों पर मुसलमानों को नामांकित करने के लिए

कार्यविधि बनाई जाए

(सच्चर समिति, मिश्रा आयोग)

(कैबिनेट सचिवालय तथा अल्पसंख्यक मंत्रालय का दायित्व)

(سچر کمیٹی اور مشر اکمیشن کی سفارش)

۵۔ اختیارات والے عوامی عہدوں پر مسلمانوں کو نامزد کرنے کے لئے طریقہ کار وضع کیا جائے

(کیبنٹ سکریٹریٹ اور وزارت برائے اقلیتی امور سے متعلق)

6

**Earmark 67% for Muslims
out of the Reservation
to be made for all minorities
(as Muslims constitute
73% of all minorities)**

(Mishra Commission Report)

ACTION: Ministry of Law

(مشرا کمیشن رپورٹ)

۶۔ اقلیتوں کے لئے کئے جانے والے ریزرویشن بندوبست میں

مسلمانوں کا ۶۷ فی صد حصہ مختص کیا جائے کیوں کہ مسلمان کل اقلیتوں کا ۷۳ فیصد ہیں۔

(وزارت قانون کی ذمہ داری)

www.zakatindia.org

6.

**अल्पसंख्यकों के लिए आरक्षण में
मुसलमानों का 67 प्रतिशत भाग निर्धारित किया जाए,
क्योंकि मुसलमान कुल अल्पसंख्यकों का 73 प्रतिशत हैं।**

(मिश्रा आयोग रिपोर्ट)

(क़ानून मंत्रालय)

Create in the Budget
Special Component Plan for Muslims
for skill development programs
and other economic opportunities.

(Promises to Keep : by Harsh Mandar & others)

ACTION: Planning Commission & Ministry of Finance

۷۔ صلاحیتوں کو فروغ دینے کے پروگرام اور دیگر اقتصادی مواقع سے متعلق قومی بجٹ میں مسلمانوں کے لئے حصہ مختص کیا جائے۔
(ہرش مندر اور دیگر ماہرین کے ذریعہ تیار کی گئی رپورٹ 'وعدے جو پورے نہیں ہوئے' کی روشنی میں)

(منصوبہ بندی کمیشن اور وزارت خزانہ)

7.

प्रतिभाओं के विकास के कार्यक्रम

(Skill Development Program)

तथा अन्य आर्थिक अवसरों के लिए

**मुसलमानों के लिए बजट में
विशेष घटक निर्धारित किया जाए**

(हर्ष मंदर तथा अन्य विशेषज्ञों की रिपोर्ट Promises to Keep के अनुसार)

(योजना आयोग, वित्त मंत्रालय)

For Prime Minister's 15 Point Program for Minorities Enhance the Outlay to 19% of total Plan Allocation

(Promises to Keep : by Harsh Mandar & others)

Action: Ministry of Minority Affairs,
Planning Commission & Ministry of Finance

(ہرش مندو دیگر ماہرین کی تجویز کے مطابق) ۸۔ اقلیتوں کے لئے پندرہ نکاتی پروگرام کا بجٹ بڑھا کر

کل منصوبہ بندی بجٹ کے ۱۹ فیصد حصہ تک کیا جائے۔

(وزارت برائے اقلیتی امور، منصوبہ بندی کمیشن اور وزارت خزانہ)

8.

**अल्पसंख्यकों के लिए 15 सूत्रीय कार्यक्रम का
बजट बढ़ा कर कुल योजना बजट के
19 प्रतिशत तक किया जाए**

(हर्ष मन्दर व अन्य विशेषज्ञों का सुझाव)

(योजना आयोग, वित्त मंत्रालय, अल्पसंख्यक मंत्रालय)

**Make the VILLAGE (in rural area) &
WARD (in urban area)**

[and not the 'district' or 'block'] as

**UNIT OF PLANNING &
IMPLEMENTATION**

**for infrastructure schemes
(including MSDP)**

(Promises to Keep : by Harsh Mandar & others)

Action: Planning Commission

(ہرش مندر و دیگر ماہرین کی تجویز کے مطابق)

۹۔ مسلمانوں کی ترقی کے نظریے سے بنائی جانے والی انفراسٹرکچر اسکیموں اور ان کے نفاذ کے لئے

دیہی علاقوں میں گاؤں کو اور شہری علاقوں میں وارڈ کو اکائی بنایا جائے۔ (پلاننگ کمیشن)

9.

मुसलमानों के विकास के लिए बनाई जाने वाली
ढांचागत योजनाओं तथा उनके क्रियान्वन के लिए
(ज़िला अथवा ब्लॉक के बजाए)

नगरों में वार्ड को तथा ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में गांव को

इकाई बनाया जाए

(हर्षमन्दर व अन्यो का सुझाव)

(योजना आयोग)

For special recruitment of
1400 additional IPS officers

**Scrap the 2011 Scheme of
Limited Competitive
Examination (LCE)**

as it preempts Muslim intake
because there are

**Less than 1% Muslims
in the Eligibility Pool**

Action: Ministries of Personnel & Home

۱۰۔ ۱۴۰۰ اضافی آئی پی ایس افسروں کی خصوصی تقرری کے لئے
محدود مسابقتی امتحان (LCE) کی یا لیسے کو ختم کیا جائے،
کیوں کہ اس طریقہ سے مسلمانوں کی راہ مسدود ہوتی ہے۔

(منسٹری آف پرسونیل، وزارت داخلہ)

10.

1400 अतिरिक्त आई.पी.एस अधिकारियों
की विशेष भर्ती के लिए
सीमित प्रतियोगिता परीक्षा (एल.सी.ई) की
नीति को समाप्त किया जाए,
क्योंकि इस विधि से
मुसलमानों के लिए अवसर बन्द हो जाते हैं
(मिनिस्ट्री ऑफ़ पर्सोनेल & गृह मंत्रालय)

Establish Indian Waqf Service

on the pattern of several states where senior officers are directly recruited, by state law, to manage Hindu temples & endowments.

(Sachar Committee Report page)

Ministries of Personnel & Minority Affairs

ا۔انڈین وقف سروس قائم کی جائے (سچر کمیٹی رپورٹ)

ٹھیک اسی طرح جس طرح متعدد ریاستوں میں ہندو مندروں وغیرہ کے انتظام و انصرام کے لئے

ریاست کے قانون کی رو سے سینئر عہدیداران کو حکومت بھرتی کرتی ہے۔

(منسٹری آف پرسونیل، وزارت برائے اقلیتی امور)

In states of Tamilnadu, Kerala, Karnataka, A.P., U. P., Orissa



Hindu Religious Endowments

are managed by

Hindu

***Additional Commissioners,
Joint Commissioners,
Deputy Commissioners and
Assistant Commissioners***

especially recruited for this work by

Specially recruited by State Public Service Commission

On top of all of them, sits a

Hindu IAS Secretary-cum-Commissioner

armed  with highest rank in the state bureaucracy



Sachar sought a dedicated wakf cadre, govt said no

SABA RAHMAN

NEW DELHI, MARCH 2

NATIONWIDE, wakf properties constitute a land bank worth Rs 1.2 lakh crore and could have generated annual returns of Rs 12,000 crore but yield only Rs 163 crore, the Sachar Committee had observed. To correct this, the committee had recommended a new cadre of officers, on the lines of the civil services, so that the state wakf boards and Central Wakf Council would be managed better.

The Ministry of Minority Affairs turned down the recommendation, saying a new cadre is neither practicable nor legally feasible.

HOW IT WORKS

WAKF: Permanent dedication of a property for any purpose recognised by Muslim law as religious or charitable; these fall under entry no. 28 in the Concurrent List of the Constitution

6 LAKH ACRES

Total area of 4.9 lakh registered wakf properties across India

₹ 1.2 LAKH CRORE

Current market value

₹ 163 CRORE

Current annual income

₹ 12,000 CRORE

Potential annual income

(As per Sachar Committee Report)



Constitution of India



Schedule VII

Concurrent List

28. Charities and charitable institutions, charitable and religious endowments and religious institutions.

(includes Waqfs)

All-India Services

*312. If the Council of States (Rajya Sabha) has declared by resolution supported by not less than two-thirds of the members present and voting that it is necessary or expedient in the national interest so to do, **Parliament may by law provide for the creation of one or more all India services common to the Union and the States**, and regulate the recruitment, and the conditions of service of persons appointed, to any such service.*

इण्डियन वक्रफ़ सर्विस

गठित की जाए

ठीक उसी तरह जिस तरह कई राज्यों में
हिन्दू मन्दिरों तथा न्यासों के प्रबंधन के लिए,
राज्यों के क़ानून के अन्तर्गत,
सरकार वरिष्ठ अधिकारियों की भर्ती करती है।

(सच्यर समिति)

(मिनिस्ट्री ऑफ़ पर्सोनेल & अल्पसंख्यक मंत्रालय)

12 (a)

**In Waqf Rules, 2013
& Departmental Instructions
include**

Remaining Sachar + JPC recommendations

(Sachar Committee Report & JPC on Waqfs)

Action: Ministry of Minority Affairs

(سچر کمیٹی اور جے پی سی وقف)

۱۲۔ (الف) وقف بل میں سچر کمیٹی اور مشترکہ پارلیمانی کمیٹی (جے پی سی کی تمام سفارشوں کو شامل کیا جائے۔

(وزارت برائے اقلیتی امور)

12(a)

1. Secretary, Central Waqf Council should be of the level of at least Joint Secretary to the Govt. of India.
2. Waqf properties shall be leased at not below the Current Fair Market Rent.
3. Waqf Board should be able to issue Lease Orders without the intervention of the State Government.

12(क)

वक्रफ़ अधिनियम, 2013 में
सच्यर समिति तथा
संयुक्त संसदीय समिति (जे.पी.सी.) के
सभी सुझावों को सम्मिलित किया जाए

(सच्यर समिति तथा जे.पी.सी.वक्रफ़)

(अल्पसंख्यक मंत्रालय)

**Act on
PM Indira Gandhi's
letter addressed to the
chief ministers
no. 71-PMO/76 dated
March 26, 1976
(reproduced in Sachar
Committee Report on
page 223)**



**Vacate Waqf properties
occupied by UPA/Congress
Governments**

**in the centre and states and restore
these to the state waqf boards**

Action by:
UPA President, Presidents of other UPA
Parties, UPA Chief Ministers
PMO & Ministry of Minority Affairs,



۱۲ (ب)

سابق وزیر اعظم اندرا گاندھی کے ذریعہ وزرائے اعلیٰ کو بھیجے گئے
۲۶ مارچ ۱۹۷۶ کے مکتوب کے مطابق کارروائی کی جائے:

مرکز میں یوپی اے حکومت

اور ریاستوں میں کانگریس (یوپی اے کی دیگر پارٹیوں)

کی حکومتوں کے زیر قبضہ وقف جائیدادوں کو قبضوں سے آزاد کیا جائے

اور ان کا اختیار متعلقہ وقف بورڈوں کو دیا جائے۔

یوپی اے صدر، دیگر پارٹیوں کے صدر، وزیر اعظم کا دفتر،
وزارت اقلیتی امور، یوپی اے کے ریاستی وزرائے اعلیٰ

کارروائی کی ذمہ داری:



12(ख)

प्रधानमंत्री इन्दिरा गांधी द्वारा
मुख्यमंत्रियों को भेजे गए पत्र पर कार्रवाई की जाए

(पत्र स. 71-PMO/76, March 26, 1976)

इस की प्रति सच्यर समिति की रिपोर्ट में पेज 223 पर दी गयी है

इसके अनुसार

केन्द्र में यूपीए सरकार तथा राज्यों में कांग्रेस सरकारों द्वारा
अनिधिकृत प्रयोग में लाई जा रही वक्फ़ सम्पत्तियों को
मुक्त किया जाए

तथा उन्हें राज्य वक्फ़ बोर्डों के नियंत्रण में दिया जाए

(सच्यर समिति रिपोर्ट & जे.पी.सी. वक्फ़)

(प्रधानमंत्री कार्यालय, अल्पसंख्यक मंत्रालय)

Publicize Madarsa Scheme (SPQEM) in Urdu & other languages



Rs 50 lakh granted every year for publicity, not utilized

Action: Ministry of HRD

۱۳۔ مدارس کے لئے بنائی گئی اسکیم (ایس پی کیو ای ایم) کی تشہیر اردو اور دیگر زبانوں میں کی جائے۔

اس کام کے لئے ہر سال جاری کی جانے والی ۵۰ لاکھ روپے کی گرانٹ استعمال میں نہیں لائی گئی ہے۔
(وزارت برائے فروغ انسانی وسائل)

13

मदरसों के लिए बनाई गयी योजना
(एस.पी.क्यू.ई.एम)
का प्रचार उर्दू तथा अन्य भाषाओं में किया जाए

इस प्रचार के लिए हर साल जारी की जाने वाली
50 लाख रुपये की ग्राण्ट इस काम में उपयोग में नहीं लाई जाती है

(मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय)

Establish

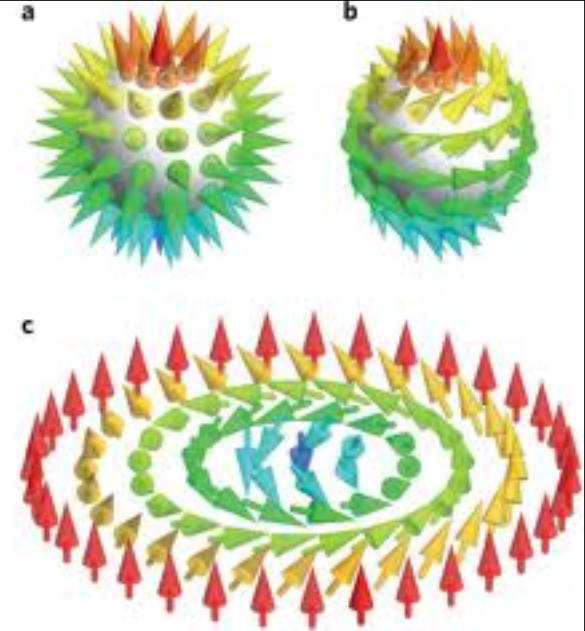
EQUIVALENCE

between
Madarsa and
other
education

(Sachar Committee Report)

Ministry of HRD
[UGC + NIOS]

(سچر کمیٹی رپورٹ)



۱۴۔ مدارس کے سرٹیفیکیٹ و ڈگریوں کا اسکول اور کالجوں کے سرٹیفیکیٹ و
ڈگریوں کے ساتھ تال میل بٹھانے کے لئے میکانزم قائم کیا جائے۔
(وزارت برائے فروغ انسانی وسائل، نیشنل انسٹی ٹیوٹ آف اوپن اسکولنگ اور یوجی سی)

14

मदरसों की डिग्रियों का स्कूल व कालेजों
की डिग्रियों से समन्वय बनाया जाए

(सच्चर समिति)

(मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय)

[UGC + NIOS]

15

Give option for

INTEREST-FREE FINANCE

IN BANKING SECTOR

Implement the recommendations of
Planning Commission's
Raghuram Rajan Committee
on financial sector reforms

Planning Commission



۱۵۔ بینکوں کو غیر سودی مالیات کی اجازت دی جائے۔

اس تعلق سے منصوبہ بندی کمیشن کی رگھورام راجن کمیٹی کی سفارشات کو نافذ کیا جائے۔

(پلاننگ کمیشن)

15

ब्याज मुक्त बैंकिंग का विकल्प

शुरू किया जाए

योजना आयोग की

रघूराम राजन समिति

के सुझावों को लागू किया जाए।

(योजना आयोग)

**Central Urdu Teachers Scheme:
Follow up and get resolved
non-implementation in states**

Ministry of HRD

۱۶۔ ریاستوں میں سینٹرل اردو ٹیچرس اسکیم کے نفاذ کا جائزہ لیا جائے
اور وہاں اسے نافذ کرایا جائے۔
(وزارت برائے فروغ انسانی وسائل)

16

सेण्ट्रल उर्दू टीचर्स स्कीम

की राज्यों में क्रियान्वन की निगरानी की जाए
और जहां यह योजना क्रियान्वित नहीं हो रही है
वहां उसे क्रियान्वित कराया जाए

(मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय)

Stop waiting for
Election eve

Establish Equal Opportunity Commission

(Modalities finalized by Expert Committee 4 years ago)

(Sachar Committee Report)

Ministry of Minority Affairs

(سچر کمیٹی کی سفارش)

۱۔ مساوی مواقع کمیشن (EOC) کی تشکیل کی جائے۔

(اس کی تفصیلات ماہرین کی کمیٹی چار سال پہلے ہی وضع کر چکی ہے)

(وزارت برائے اقلیتی امور)



समान अवसर आयोग

का गठन किया जाए

इसकी रूप रेखा विशेषज्ञों की समिति
चार साल पहले ही तैयार कर चुकी है

(सच्यर समिति सुझाव)

(अल्पसंख्यक मंत्रालय)



Stop waiting for
Election eve

18

Institute the
Schemes for
Incentives based on Diversity Index

(Modalities finalized by Expert Committee 4 years ago)

(Sachar Committee Report)

Ministry of Minority Affairs

۱۸۔ تنوع پر مبنی مراعات کی اسکیم نافذ کی جائے۔ (سچر کمیٹی رپورٹ)

(اس کی تفصیلات بھی ماہرین کی ایک کمیٹی چار سال پہلے وضع کر چکی ہے)

(وزارت برائے اقلیتی امور)

www.zakatindia.org

18.

विविधता पर आधारित छूट योजना

(Scheme for Incentives based on Diversity Index)

लागू की जाए

(सच्चर समिति सुझाव)

इसकी रूप रेखा भी विशेषज्ञों की
समिति चार साल पहले तैयार कर चुकी है

(अल्पसंख्यक मंत्रालय)

Involve Muslim beneficiary groups in planning & oversight of projects

Cabinet Secretariat & Ministry of Minority Affairs

۱۹۔ مسلمانوں کے مفاد کے لئے کی جانے والی منصوبہ بندی
(سچر کمیٹی رپورٹ)
اور اس کی نگرانی کے امور میں استفادہ طلب، مسلم طبقہ کو شامل کیا جائے۔
(کیبنٹ سکریریٹری، وزارت برائے اقلیتی امور)

19

मुसलमानों के विकास के लिए बनाई जाने वाली योजनाओं में तथा उनके क्रियान्वन की निगरानी में

**मुस्लिम समुदाय के लाभार्थी वर्ग
को शामिल किया जाए**

(कैबिनेट सचिवालय, अल्पसंख्यक मंत्रालय)

Concentrate on benefiting
The whole Muslim community,
not only a few individuals.

20

۲۰۔ مسلمانوں میں سے کچھ افراد کو فائدہ پہنچانے کے بجائے
پورے مسلم فرقہ کو مجموعی طور سے مستفید کرنے پر توجہ مرکوز کی جائے۔

20

मुसलमानों में से चयनित व्यक्तियों को
व्यक्तिगत लाभ पहुंचाने के बजाए,
पूरे मुस्लिम समुदाय के
सामूहिक हित
को सुनिश्चित किया जाए



إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُغَيِّرُ مَا بِقَوْمٍ حَتَّىٰ يُغَيِّرُوا مَا بِأَنْفُسِهِمْ

Indeed, Allah will not change the condition of a people until they change what is in themselves.

Quran Karim 13.11

This presentation can also be seen at

www.zakatindia.org

www.icpindia.org

and

www.syedzafarmahmood.in



Thanks to all those sources from where
Photos and other inputs have been taken